

International Standard**1388/2**

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

**Ethanol for industrial use — Methods of test —
Part 2 : Detection of alkalinity or determination of acidity
to phenolphthalein***Éthanol à usage industriel — Méthodes d'essai — Partie 2 : Détection de l'alcalinité ou détermination de l'acidité à la
phénolphthaléine***First edition — 1981-11-01**

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 1388/2 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and was circulated to the member bodies in February 1980.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Germany, F.R.	Romania
Austria	Hungary	South Africa, Rep. of
Belgium	India	Switzerland
Brazil	Italy	Thailand
Bulgaria	Korea, Rep. of	United Kingdom
China	Netherlands	USSR
Czechoslovakia	Philippines	
France	Poland	

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard has also been approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).

International Standards ISO 1388/1 to ISO 1388/12 cancel and replace ISO Recommendation R 1388-1970, of which they constitute a technical revision.

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